

DEPARTMENT OF MECHANICAL ENGINEERING

IV YEAR I SEMESTER

S. No.	Course Code	Course Title	L	T	P	Credits
1	HSIMS	Industrial Management	3	1	-	3
2	PCC-ME	Finite Element Methods	3			3
3	PEC-3	 Mechanical Vibrations Renewable Energy Sources Production Planning & Control Machine Tool Design MOOCs (NPTEL/Swayam) 	3	1		3
4	PEC-4	 Industrial Automation and Robotics Micro and Nano manufacturing Power Plant Engineering Optimization Techniques MOOCs (NPTEL/Swayam) 	3	1	1	3
5	OEC-1	OPEN ELECTIVE -I	3			3
6	PCC-ME Lab	Finite Element Simulation Lab			2	1
7	PROJ-I	Project-I			4	2
_		Total Credits	15		6	18

OPEN ELECTIVE -I:

- 1. MEMS
- 2. Optimization Methods
- 3. Operations Management
- 4. Nano Technology
- 5. Finite Element Analysis



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	ADDITIVE MANUFACTURING				

Course Objectives:

The course aims at the importance of Additive Manufacturing, classifications, models, specifications of various Additive Manufacturing Techniques. To learn the different tools, softwares required and the applications of Additive Manufacturing.

UNIT - I

INTRODUCTION: Prototyping fundamentals, historical development, fundamentals of rapid prototyping, advantages and limitations of rapid prototyping, commonly used terms, classification of RP process.

LIQUID-BASED RAPID PROTOTYPING SYSTEMS: Stereo lithography Apparatus (SLA): models and specifications, process, working principle, photopolymers, photo polymerization, layering technology, laser and laser scanning, applications, advantages and disadvantages, case studies. Solid Ground Curing (SGC): models and specifications, process, working principle, applications, advantages and disadvantages, case studies.

UNIT-II

SOLID-BASED RAPID PROTOTYPING SYSTEMS: Laminated object manufacturing (LOM) - models and specifications, process, working principle, applications, advantages and disadvantages, case studies. Fused deposition modelling (FDM) - models and specifications, process, working principle, applications, advantages and disadvantages, case studies.

UNIT - III

POWDER BASED RAPID PROTOTYPING SYSTEMS: Selective laser sintering (SLS): models and specifications, process, working principle, applications, advantages and disadvantages, case studies. three dimensional printing (3DP): models and specifications, process, working principle, applications, advantages and disadvantages, case studies.

UNIT-IV

RAPID TOOLING: Introduction to rapid tooling (RT), conventional tooling Vs RT, Need for RT. rapid tooling classification: indirect rapid tooling methods: spray metal deposition, RTV epoxy tools, Ceramic tools, investment casting, spin casting, die casting, sand casting, 3D Keltool process. Direct rapid tooling: direct AIM, LOM Tools, DTM Rapid Tool Process, EOS Direct Tool Process and Direct Metal Tooling using 3DP.

UNIT - V

RAPID PROTOTYPING DATA FORMATS: STL Format, STL File Problems, consequence of building valid and invalid tessellated models, STL file Repairs: Generic Solution, other Translators, Newly Proposed Formats.

RP APPLICATIONS: Application in engineering, analysis and planning, aerospace industry, automotive industry, jewelry industry, coin industry, GIS application, arts and architecture. RP medical and bioengineering applications: planning and simulation of complex surgery, customized implants & prosthesis, design and production of medical devices, forensic science and anthropology, visualization of bimolecular.



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Text Books:

1. Rapid prototyping: Principles and Applications /Chua C.K., Leong K.F. and LIM C.S/World Scientific publications

References:

- 1. Rapid Manufacturing / D.T. Pham and S.S. Dimov/Springer
- 2. Wohlers Report 2000 / Terry T Wohlers/Wohlers Associates
- 3. Rapid Prototyping & Manufacturing / Paul F.Jacobs/ASME Press
- 4. Rapid Prototyping / Chua & Liou

Course Outcomes: The student shall be able to identify the use of Rapid Prototyping Techniques in the manufacturing of complex components that are otherwise very difficult to manufacture.



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	GAS DYNAMICS AND JET PROPULSION				

Course objectives:

The purpose of this course is to provide the student with the knowledge of basic principles of gas dynamics and its importance in jet propulsion applications.

UNIT-I

Introduction to gas dynamics: control volume and system approaches acoustic waves and sonic velocity mach number - classification of fluid flow based on mach number - mach cone-compressibility factor - general features of one dimensional flow of a compressible fluid - continuity and momentum equations for a control volume.

UNIT-II

Isentropic flow of an ideal gas: basic equation - stagnation enthalpy, temperature, pressure and density-stagnation, acoustic speed - critical speed of sound- dimensionless velocity-governing equations for isentropic flow of a perfect gas - critical flow area - stream thrust and impulse function.

Steady one dimensional isentropic flow with area change-effect of area change on flow parameters-chocking- convergent nozzle - performance of a nozzle under decreasing back pressure -De lavel nozzle - optimum area ratio effect of back pressure - nozzle discharge coefficients - nozzle efficiencies.

UNIT-III

Simple frictional flow: adiabatic flow with friction in a constant area duct-governing equations - fanno line limiting conditions - effect of wall friction on flow properties in an Isothermal flow with friction in a constant area duct-governing equations - limiting conditions.

Steady one dimensional flow with heat transfer in constant area ducts- governing equations - Rayleigh line entropy change caused by heat transfer - conditions of maximum enthalpy and entropy.

UNIT-IV

Effect of heat transfer on flow parameters: Intersection of Fanno and Rayleigh lines. Shock waves in perfect gas- properties of flow across a normal shock - governing equations - Rankine Hugoniat equations - Prandtl's velocity relationship - converging diverging nozzle flow with shock thickness - shock strength.

UNIT-V

Propulsion: Air craft propulsion: - types of jet engines - energy flow through jet engines, thrust, thrust power and propulsive efficiency turbojet components-diffuser, compressor, combustion chamber, turbines, exhaust systems.

Performance of turbo propeller engines, ramjet and pulsejet, scramjet engines. Rocket propulsion - rocket engines, Basic theory of equations - thrust equation - effective jet velocity - specific impulse - rocket engine performance - solid and liquid propellant rockets - comparison of various propulsion systems.



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Text Books:

- 1. Compressible fluid flow /A. H. Shapiro / Ronald Press Co., 1953
- 2. Fundamentals of compressible flow with aircraft and rocket propulsion/S. M. Yahya/New Age international Publishers
- 3. Fundamental of Gas dynamics-2nd edition/ M J Zucker/ Wiley publishers

References:

- 1. Elements of gas dynamics / HW Liepman & A Roshko/Wiley
- 2. Aircraft & Missile propulsion /MJ Zucrow/Wiley
- 3. Gas dynamics / M.J. Zucrow & Joe D.Holfman / Krieger Publishers

Course outcomes: At the end of the course student will be able to

CO1: Illustrate fluid flow systems

CO2: Analyze the isotropic flow of an ideal gas and its parameter

CO3: Study simple frictional flow with heat transfer problems

CO4: Analyze the impact of heat transfer on flow parameters.

CO5: Performance evaluation of different propulsion systems



JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY KAKINADA

KAKINADA – 533 003, Andhra Pradesh, India

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	PRODUCT DESIGN AND DEVELOPMENT	1			

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

The main learning objective of this course is to prepare the students for the understanding the principles of product development process, customer needs, setting product specification, testing and prototyping for new product design and development.

UNIT I

INTRODUCTION

Introduction – A Generic Development Process – Adapting the Generic Product Development Process - Product Development Process Flows- Digital tools for product design– Identifying Customer Needs - Product Specifications: Establishing Target Specifications; Setting the Final Specifications.

UNIT II

CONCEPT GENERATION

Concept Generation: The Activity of Concept Generation - Concept Selection: Concept Screening; Concept Scoring - Concept Testing - Concept innovation using TRIZ

UNIT III

PRODUCT ARCHITECTURE

Implications of the Architecture; Establishing the Architecture; Delayed Differentiation; Platform Planning; Related System-Level Design Issues – Industrial Design: Assessing the Need for Industrial Design; Impact of Industrial Design; The Industrial Design Process; Management of the Industrial Design Process; Assessing the Quality of Industrial Design.

UNIT IV

DFM AND PROTOTYPING

Design for Manufacturing: Estimate the Manufacturing Costs; Reduce the Costs of Components; Reduce the Costs of Assembly; Reduce the Costs of Supporting Production; Consider the Impact of DFMA– Prototyping: Type; Uses; Principles; Technologies; Planning for Prototypes.

UNIT V

PRODUCT DEVELOPMENT ECONOMICS

Elements of Economic Analysis; Economic Analysis Process – sustainable product development: framework and metrics – life cycle assessment of a product: stages and impact

TEXT BOOK:

- 1. Jamnia, A., Introduction to Product Design and Development for Engineers, CRC Press, 2018.
- 2. Karl, T. Ulrich and Steven, D. Eppinger, "Product Design and Development", McGraw Hill, 2003.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Belz A., 36-Hour Course: "Product Development" McGraw-Hill, 2010.
- 2. Chitale, A. K. and Gupta, R. C., Product Design and Manufacturing, PHI Learning, 2013.
- 3. Pugh S., "Total Design Integrated Methods for successful Product Engineering", Addison Wesley Publishing, 1991.
- 4. Rosenthal S., "Effective Product Design and Development", Business One, 1992.



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- 5. Silva, A., Handbook of Research on Trends in Product Design and Development: Technological and Organizational Perspectives: Technological and Organizational Perspectives, IGI Global, 2010.
- 6. Devdas Shetty, "Product design for Engineers", Cengage Learning

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of this course, the students will be able to:

- 1. Apply the principles of generic development process; conduct customer need analysis; and set product specification for new product design and development.
- 2. Generate, select, screen, and test concepts for new product design and development.
- 3. Apply the principles of product architecture and industrial design to design and develop new products.
- 4. Apply the principles of DFMA and Prototyping to design and develop new product.
- 5. Apply the concepts of economics principles sustainable product development and life cycle assessment.



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	RELIABILITY ENGINEERING				

Course Objectives:

The aim of the course is to stress the importance of reliability in engineering and products and also the concept of maintainability, failure modes and testing methods.

Unit I: Concepts of Reliability

Definition of Reliability – Reliability Vs Quality-Reliability Function-MTTF – Hazard Rate Function-Bathtub Curve – Derivation Of The Reliability Function-Constant Failure Rate Model – Time Dependent Failure Models. Weibull Distribution – Normal Distribution – The Lognormal Distribution.

Unit II: System and Models

Serial Configuration – Parallel Configuration – Combined Series Parallel Systems – System Structure Function, Minimal Cuts And Minimal Paths – Markov Analysis – Load Sharing Systems, Standby System, Degraded Systems, Three State Devices – Covariate Models, Static Models, Dynamic Models, Physics Of Failure Models.

Unit: III Design for Reliability

Reliability Design Process – System Effectiveness – Economic Analysis And Life Cycle Cost – Reliability Allocation – Optimal, Arinc, Agree, – Design Methods – Parts And Material Selection, Derating, Stress- Strength Analysis – Failure Analysis – Identification Of Failure Mode – Determination Of Causes – Assessment Of Effects – Classification Of Seventy – Computation Of Critically Index – Corrective Action – System Safety And Fta.

Unit-IV: Maintainability

Analysis Of Downtime – The Repair Time Distribution – Stochastic Point Processes – System Repair Time – Reliability Under Preventive Maintenance – State Dependent Systems With Repair – Mttr-Mean System Downtime – Mtr – Mh/Oh – Cost Model – Fault Isolation And Self Diagnostics – Repair Vs Replacement – Replacement Model – Proactive, Preventive, Predictive Maintenance – Maintenance And Spares Provisioning – Maintainability Prediction And Demonstration – Concepts And Definition Of Availability.



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Unit-V: Optimization Of System Reliability

Optimization Techniques For System Reliability With Redundancy – Heuristic Methods Applied To Optimal System Reliability- Redundancy Allocation By Dynamic Programming – Reliability Optimization By Non Linear Programming.

Text Books:

• Charles E. Ebling, "An Introduction To Reliability And Maintainability Engg", Tata Mcgraw-Hill, 2000.

References:

- Patrick D T O'connor, "Practical Reliability Engineringt", John-Wiley And Sons Inc, 2002.
- David J Smith, "Reliability, Maintainability And Risk: Practical Methods For Engineers", Butterworth, 2002
- Way Kuo, Rajendra Prasad V, Frank A And Tillman, Ching- Lai Hwang "Optimal Reliability Design And Applications", Cambridge University Press P Ltd., 2001.
- Srinath I.S, Engineering Design And Reliability, Iste, 1999.
- Oleg Vinogradov, "Introduction To Mechanical Reliability: A Designers Approach, Hemisphere Publications, 1991.

Course Outcomes

- CO1: Explain the basic concepts of Reliability Engineering and its Understand measures.
- CO 2. Predict the Reliability at system level using various models.
- CO 3. Design the test plan to meet the reliability Requirements.
- CO 4. Predict and estimate the reliability from failure data.
- CO 5. Develop and implement a successful Reliability programme



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	CONDITION MONITORING				

UNIT - I

Introduction to maintenance and condition based maintenance, Definition, system approach, objectives, responsibilities of maintenance department, maintenance strategies, principles of maintenance, concepts of maintainability, availability and reliability, implementation of CBM, comparison of CBM with other maintenance techniques and case studies (overview). Introduction to condition monitoring, Basic concept, techniques - visual monitoring, temperature monitoring, vibration monitoring, lubricant monitoring, crack monitoring, thickness monitoring, noise and sound monitoring.

UNIT - II

Basic signal processing techniques Probability distribution and density, Fourier analysis, Hilbert Transform, Cepstrum analysis, Digital filtering, Deterministic / random signal separation, Time-frequency analysis. WaveletTransform Introduction to Wavelets, Continuous Wavelet Transform (CWT), Discrete WaveletTransform (DWT), Wavelet Packet Transform (WPT),types of wavelets –Haarwavelets, Shannon wavelets, Meyer wavelets, Daubechies wavelets, Coifmann wavelets and applications of wavelets.

UNIT - III

Vibration Monitoring, Introduction, vibration data collection, techniques, instruments, transducers, selection, measurement location, time domain analysis, frequency domain analysis, time-frequency domain analysis and commonly witnessed machinery faults diagnosed by vibration analysis.

Rotating and reciprocating machines, Vibration signals from rotating and reciprocating machines – signal classification, signals, generated by rotating machines, signals generated by reciprocating machines.

UNIT - IV

Mechanical fault diagnosis, Wear monitoring and lubricant analysis - sources of contamination, techniques, Spectrometric, Oil Analysis Procedure (SOAP) and ferrography. Nondestructive testing techniques, Measurement of surface and subsurface flaws – liquid penetrant inspection, eddy current inspection, radiographic inspection, ultrasonic inspection.

UNIT - V

Condition monitoring of rolling element bearings and gear, Introduction, construction, types of faults, rolling element bearing diagnostics and gear diagnostics. Tool wear monitoring, Introduction, techniques and case studies.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Robert Bond Randall Vibration-Based Condition Monitoring Industrial, Aerospace and Automotive applications, John Wiley & Sons Ltd., 2011
- 2. R.A.Collacot Mechanical Fault Diagnosis Chapman and Hall Ltd., 1977.
- 3. ISTE Course material on Condition Monitoring.
- 4. R.C.Mishra, K.Pathak Maintenance Engineering and Management, Prentice Hall ofIndia Pvt. Ltd., 2002.
- 5. K. P. Soman, K. I. Ramachandran, N. G. Resmi Insight into wavelet from theory to practice, Third Edition, Prentice Hall of India,



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REFERENCES BOOKS:

- 1. John S.Mitchell, Introduction to Machinery Analysis and Monitoring, PennWell Books, 1993.
- 2. Elsevier-"Hand book of Condition Monitoring" ELSEVIER SCIENCE
- 3. R.A.Collacott, "Vibration monitoring and diagnosis", Wiley, 1979.
- 4. RaoJ.S., "VibratoryConditionMonitoringofMachines", CRCPress, 2000.
- 5. "ConditionMonitoringmanual", National Productivity Council, New Delhi.

Course Outcomes:

At the end of this course the student shall be able to:

- 1. Understand the types of maintenance used and its significance, role of condition based maintenance in industries, familiarize with different condition monitoring techniques and its advantages in industries.
- 2. Implement the basic signal processing techniques.
- 3. Understand the role of vibration monitoring, its methodology and its use in condition monitoring of rotating and reciprocating machines.
- 4. Understand the significance of mechanical fault diagnosis and non-destructive testing techniques in monitoring and maintenance.
- 5. Study condition monitoring of rolling element bearing, gears and tool condition monitoring techniques in machining.



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	COMPUTATIONAL FLUID DYNAMICS				

Course Objectives:

The course aims at providing required numerical and software techniques for solving various engineering problems involving fluid flow.

UNIT-I

Number system and errors, representation of integers, fractions, floating point arithmetic, loss of significance and error propagation, condition and instability, computational methods for error estimation, convergence of sequences.

Solution of a system of simultaneous linear algebraic equations, iterative schemes of matrix inversion, direct methods for matrix inversion, direct methods for banded matrices.

UNIT-II

conservation of mass, Newton's second law of motion, expanded forms of navier-stokes equations, conservation of energy principle, special forms of the Navier-stokes equations.

Steady flow, dimensionless form of momentum and energy equations, stokes equation, conservative body force fields, stream function - vorticity formulation.

UNIT-III

Finite difference applications in heat conduction and convention – heat conduction, steady heat conduction in a rectangular geometry, transient heat conduction, finite difference application in convective heat transfer, closure.

Finite differences, discretization, consistency, stability, and fundamentals of fluid flow modelling: introduction, elementary finite difference quotients, implementation aspects of finite-difference equations, consistency, explicit and implicit methods.

UNIT-IV

Introduction to first order wave equation, stability of hyperbolic and elliptic equations, fundamentals of fluid flow modelling, conservative property, the upwind scheme.

UNIT -V

FINITE VOLUME METHOD: Approximation of surface integrals, volume integrals, interpolation and differentiation practices, upwind interpolation, linear interpolation and quadratic interpolation.

Text Books:

- 1. Numerical heat transfer and fluid flow / Suhas V. Patankar/Butter-worth Publishers
- 2. Computational fluid dynamics Basics with applications /John. D. Anderson / Mc Graw Hill.

References:

- 1. Computational Fluid Flow and Heat Transfer/ Niyogi/Pearson Publications
- 2. Fundamentals of Computational Fluid Dynamics / Tapan K. Sengupta / Universities Press.
- 3. Computational fluid dynamics: An introduction, 3rd edition/John.F Wendt/Springer publishers

Course Outcomes:

After undergoing the course the student shall be able to apply various numerical tools like finite volume, finite difference etc for solving the different fluid flow heat transfer problems.



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	NON - DESTRUCTIVE EVALUATION				

Course Objectives:

- 1. The students are to be exposed to the concepts of various NDE techniques using radiography, ultrasonics, liquid penetrates, magnetic patches and Eddy currents
- 2. They will learn basic principles of these methods and will be able to select a testing process
- 3. They will understand the advantages and disadvantages of these techniques.

UNIT – I

Introduction to non-destructive testing: Visual Inspection. Radiography: Sources of ray-x-ray production - properties of d and x rays - film characteristics - exposure charts - contrasts - operational characteristics of x ray equipment - applications.

UNIT - II

Ultrasonic test: Reflection, Refraction, Diffraction, Mode Conversion and Attenuation, Sound Field, Piezo-electric Effect .Production of ultrasonic waves - different types of waves - general characteristics of waves - pulse echo method –A, B, C scans - Principles of acoustic emission techniques - Advantages and limitations - Instrumentation - applications. Ultrasonic Transducers and their Characteristics.

UNIT - III

Liquid Penetrant Test: Liquid Penetrant Test, Basic Concepts, Liquid Penetrant System, Test Procedure, Effectiveness and Limitations of Liquid Penetrant Testing, Eddy Current Test: Principle of Eddy Current, Eddy Current Test System, Applications of Eddy Current Testing Effectiveness of Eddy Current Testing

UNIT - IV

Magnetic Particle Test: Magnetic Materials, Magnetization of Materials, Demagnetization of Materials, Principle of Magnetic Particle Test, Magnetic Particle Test Equipment, Magnetic Particle Test Procedure, Standardization and Calibration, Interpretation and Evaluation, Effective Applications and Limitations of the Magnetic Particle Test.

UNIT - V

Thermography: Thermography Principles, types, applications, advantages and limitations. Optical and Acoustical holography- Principles, types, applications, advantages and limitations. Case studies: weld, cast and formed components.

Industrial Applications of NDE: Span of NDE Activities Railways, Nuclear, Non-nuclear and Chemical Industries, Aircraft and Aerospace Industries, Automotive Industries, Offshore Gas and Petroleum Projects, Coal Mining Industry, NDE of pressure vessels, castings, welded constructions

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Non-Destructive Examination and Quality Control, ASM International, Vol.17, 9th edition (1989)
- 2. J.Prasad and C. G. K. Nair, Non-Destructive Test and Evaluation of Materials, Tata McGraw-Hill Education, 2nd edition (2011).
- 3. B.Raj, T. Jayakumar and M. Thavasimuthu, Practical Non Destructive Testing, Alpha Science International Limited, 3 rd edition (2007).
- 4. Ultrasonic testing of materials/ H Krautkramer/Springer



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- 5. J. Krautkramer and H. Krautkramer, Ultrasonic Testing of Materials, Springer, 4 th edition (1990)
- 6. Nondestructive evaluation of materials by infrared thermography / X. P. V. Maldague, Springer-Verlag, 1 st edition, (1993)

REFERENCES:

- 1. Ultrasonic inspection training for NDT/E. A. Gingel/Prometheus Press,
- 2. ASTM Standards, Vol 3.01, Metals and alloys
- 3. Non-destructive, Hand Book R. Hamchand

Course Outcomes:

- 1. Comprehensive, theory based understanding of the techniques and methods of non destructive testing
- 2. Apply methods knowledge of non destructive testing to evaluate products of railways, automobiles, aircrafts, chemical industries etc.



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	CONTROL SYSTEMS				

Course Objectives:

- To learn the mathematical modeling of physical systems and to use block diagram algebra and signal flow graph to determine overall transfer function
- To analyze the time response of first and second order systems and improvement of performance by proportional plus derivative and proportional plus integral controllers
- To investigate the stability of closed loop systems using Routh's stability criterion and the analysis by root locus method.
- To discuss basic aspects of design and compensation of linear control system using Bode plot.
- To present the Frequency Response approaches for the analysis of linear time invariant (LTI) systems using Bode plots, polar plots.
- Ability to formulate state models and analyze the systems. To learn the concepts of Controllability and observability.

UNIT – I:

Mathematical modeling of control systems

Classification of control systems, open loop and closed loop control systems and their differences, Feedback characteristics, transfer function of linear system, differential equations of electrical networks, translational and rotational mechanical systems, transfer function of DC servo motor – AC servo motor – stepper motor – synchro, transmitter and receiver – block diagram algebra – representation by signal flow graph – reduction using Mason's gain formula.

UNIT-II:

Time response analysis

Standard test signals – time response of first and second order systems – time domain specifications, steady state errors and error constants, P, PI, PID controlles.

Stability and rootlocus technique

The concept of stability – Routh's stability criterion – limitations of Routh's stability, Root locus concept – construction of root loci (simple problems).

UNIT-IV:

Frequency response analysis

Introduction to frequency domain specifications – Bode diagrams – transfer function from the Bode diagram – phase margin and gain margin – stability analysis from Bode plots, Polar plots, Nyquist stability criterion.

UNIT-V:

State space analysis of LTI systems

Concepts of state, state variables and state model, state space representation of transfer function, State Transition Matrix and it's Properties, concepts of controllability and observability.



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Course Outcome:

The student should be able to:

- Derive the transfer function of physical systems and determination of overall transfer function using block diagram algebra and signal flow graphs.
- Determine time response specifications of second order systems and to determine error constants.
- Analyze absolute and relative stability of LTI systems using Routh's stability criterion and the root locus method.
- Analyze the stability of LTI systems using frequency response methods.
- Represent physical systems as state models and determine the response. Understanding the concepts of controllability and observability.

Text Books:

- 1. Modern Control Engineering by Kotsuhiko Ogata, Prentice Hall of India.
- 2. Automatic control systems by Benjamin C.Kuo, Prentice Hall of India, 2nd Edition.

Reference Books:

- 1. Control Systems principles and design by M.Gopal, Tata Mc Graw Hill education Pvt Ltd., 4th Edition.
- 2. Control Systems by Manik Dhanesh N, Cengage publications.
- 3.Control Systems Engineering by I.J.Nagarath and M.Gopal, Newage International Publications, 5th Edition.
- 4. Control Systems Engineering by S.Palani, Tata Mc Graw Hill Publications.



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	ENTREPRENEURSHIP DEVELOPMENT				

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

The aim of this course is to develop and strengthen entrepreneurial quality and motivation among students. This course will impart the basic entrepreneurial skills and understandings to run a business efficiently and effectively.

UNIT I ENTREPRENEURAL COMPETENCE

Entrepreneurship concept – Entrepreneurship as a Career – Entrepreneurial Personality -Characteristics of Successful, Entrepreneur – Knowledge and Skills of Entrepreneur, types of entrepreneurship, womenrural-tourism-social – agri –family - entrepreneurship.

UNIT II ENTREPRENEURAL ENVIRONMENT AND POLICIES

Business Environment - Role of Family and Society - Entrepreneurship Development Training and Other Support Organisational Services –Central and State Government Industrial Policies and Regulations - International Business.

UNIT III BUSINESS PLAN PREPARATION

Sources of Product for Business - Prefeasibility Study - Criteria for Selection of Product -Ownership - Capital - Budgeting Project Profile Preparation - Matching Entrepreneur with the Project - Feasibility Report Preparation and Evaluation Criteria.

UNIT IV LAUNCHING OF SMALL BUSINESS

Finance and Human Resource Mobilization Operations Planning - Market and Channel Selection - Growth Strategies - Product Launching - Incubation, Venture capital, IT startups.

UNIT V MANAGEMENT OF SMALL BUSINESS

Monitoring and Evaluation of Business - Preventing Sickness and Rehabilitation of Business Units-Effective Management of small Business. Intellectual property rights (IPR) and Micro small medium enterprises (MSME).

Text Books:

- 1. Hisrich, Entrepreneurship, Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 2001.
- 2. S.S.Khanka, Entrepreneurial Development, S.Chand and Company Limited, New Delhi, 2001.

References

- 1. Mathew Manimala, Entrepreneurship Theory at the Crossroads, Paradigms & Praxis, Biztrantra ,2nd Edition 2005
- 2. Prasanna Chandra, Projects Planning, Analysis, Selection, Implementation and Reviews, Tata McGraw-Hill, 1996.
- 3. P.Saravanavel, Entrepreneurial Development, Ess Pee kay Publishing House, Chennai -1997.



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COURSE OUTCOME:

Upon completing this course, students are able to

- Gain the competency of preparing business plans
- Get the awareness on industrial policies
- Study the impact of launching small business
- Understand the recourse planning and market selection for start ups.



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	HYDROGEN & FUEL CELLS				

Course Objective : To introduce to emerging technologies like production and storage of Hydrogen **Unit-1**

Hydrogen Energy Economy: Hydrogen Energy Economy – Conception, Present status and a vision – Applications of Hydrogen - Transport application-cars, light trucks, buses - Stationary and Portable-Electronic gadgets.

Unit-2

Hydrogen And Production Techniques: Hydrogen – Physical and chemical properties, salient characteristics - Production of hydrogen – Steam reforming – Water electrolysis – Gasification and woody biomass conversion – Biological hydrogen production – Photo dissociation – Direct thermal or catalytic splitting of water.

Unit-3

Hydrogen Storage & Transport: Hydrogen storage options – Compressed gas – Liquid hydrogen – Hydride – Chemical Storage – Comparisons - Transport of Hydrogen - Pipelines, gaseous, liquid and compound materials.

Unit-4

Fuel Cells: History – Principle - Working - Thermodynamics and kinetics of fuel cell process – Performance evaluation of fuel cell – Comparison on battery Vs fuel cell - Types of fuel cells – AFC, PAFC, SOFC, MCFC, DMFC, PEMFC – Relative merits and demerits.

Unit-5

Application Of Fuel Cell: Fuel cell usage for domestic power systems - Large scale power generation – Automobile - Space - Environmental analysis of usage of Hydrogen in Fuel cell - Future trends in fuel cells.

Reference Books:

- 1. Hydrogen and Fuel Cells: A Comprehensive Guide, Rebecca L. and Busby, Penn Well Corporation, Oklahoma (2005)
- 2. Hydrogen and Fuel Cells: Emerging Technologies and Applications, Bent Sorensen (Sørensen), Elsevier, UK (2005)
- 3. Fuel Cell and Their Applications, Kordesch, K and G.Simader, Wiley-Vch, Germany (1996).
- 4. Fuel Cells: Theory and Application, Hart, A.B and G.J.Womack, Prentice Hall, NewYork Ltd., London (1989)
- 5. The Hydrogen Economy, Jeremy Rifkin, Penguin Group, USA (2002).
- 6. Fuel Cells Principles and Applications, Viswanathan, B and M Aulice Scibioh, Universities Press (2006)

Course Outcome:

CO1: Students gets exposure to different fuel cells in particularly Hydrogen fuel cells



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	ROBOTICS				

Course Objectives: The goal of the course is to familiarize the students with the concepts and techniques in robotic engineering, manipulator kinematics, dynamics and control, chose, and incorporate robotic technology in engineering systems.

- Make the students acquainted with the theoretical aspects of Robotics
- Enable the students to acquire practical experience in the field of Robotics through design projects and case studies.
- Make the students to understand the importance of robots in various fields of engineering.
- Expose the students to various robots and their operational details.

UNIT - I

Robotics-Introduction-classification with respect to geometrical configuration (Anatomy), Controlled system & chain type: Serial manipulator & Parallel Manipulator. Components of Industrial robotics-precession of movement-resolution, accuracy & repeatability-Dynamic characteristics- speed of motion, load carrying capacity & speed of response-Sensors-Internal sensors: Position sensors, & Velocity sensors, External sensors: Proximity sensors, Tactile Sensors, & Force or Torque sensors.

UNIT - II

Grippers - Mechanical Gripper-Grasping force-Engelberger-g-factors-mechanisms for actuation, Magnetic gripper , vaccume cup gripper-considerations in gripper selection & design . Industrial robots specifications. Selection based on the Application.

UNIT - III

Kinematics-Manipulators Kinematics, Rotation Matrix, Homogenous Transformation Matrix, D-H transformation matrix, D-H method of assignment of frames. Direct and Inverse Kinematics for industrial robots. Differential Kinematics for planar serial robots

UNIT - IV

Trajectory planning: Joint space scheme- Cubic polynomial fit-Obstacle avoidance in operation space-cubic polynomial fit with via point, bleding scheme. Introduction Cartesian space scheme.

Control- Interaction control, Rigid Body mechanics, Control architecture- position, path velocity, and force control systems, computed torque control, adaptive control, and Servo system for robot control.

UNIT - V

Programming of Robots and Vision System-Lead through programming methods- Teach pendentoverview of various textual programming languages like VAL etc. Machine (robot) vision:



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TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Industrial Robotics / Groover M P /Mc Graw Hill
- 2. Introduction to Robotics / John J. Craig/ Pearson

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. Theory of Applied Robotics /Jazar/Springer.
- 2. Robotics / Ghosal / Oxford

Course outcomes: After this completion of this course, the student should be able to

- Understand the basic components of robots.
- Differentiate types of robots and robot grippers.
- Model forward and inverse kinematics of robot manipulators.
- Analyze forces in links and joints of a robot.
- Programme a robot to perform tasks in industrial applications.
- Design intelligent robots using sensors.



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IV Year - II Semester		L	T	P	C
TV Teal II Semester		3	0	0	3
	ENERGY MANAGEMENT				

Course Objectives: The course is intended to

- Demonstrate the importance and role of energy management in the functional areas like Manufacturing Industry, Process Industry, Commerce and Government.
- To know the different energy resources
- Understand thermodynamic power cycles and the associated processes and fuels.
- Understand the economics of energy conversion
- Enable the students to understand the basic energy conversion and management principles and to identify sources of energy loss and target savings
- Enable students in carrying out budgeting and risk analysis

UNIT-I: INTRODUCTION: Principles of energy management Managerial organization, Functional areas for i) manufacturing industry, ii) Process industry, iii) Commerce, iv) Government, Role of Energy manager in each of these organizations. Initiating, Organizing and managing energy management programs

UNIT-II: ENERGY AUDIT: Definition and concepts. Types of energy audits, Basic energy concepts, Resources for plant energy studies. Data gathering, Analytical techniques. Energy Conservation: Technologies for energy conservation, Design for conservation of energy materials, Energy flow networks. Critical assessment of energy usage. Formulation of objectives and constrains, Synthesis of alternative options and technical analysis of options. Process integration.

UNIT-III: ECONOMIC ANALYSIS: Scope, Characterization of an investment project. Types of depreciation, Time value of money. Budget considerations, Risk analysis.

UNIT-IV: METHODS OF EVALUATION OF PROJECTS: Payback, Annualized costs, Investor's rate of return, Present worth, Internal rate of return. Pros and cons of the common method of analysis. Replacement analysis.

UNIT-V: ALTERNATIVE ENERGY SOURCES: SOLAR ENERGY: Types of devices for solar energy collections, Thermal storage system, Control systems. Wind Energy. Availability, Wind Devices. Wind Characteristics, performance of turbines and systems.



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TEXT BOOKS:

- Energy Management by Murfy
- General Aspects of Energy Management and Audit, National Productivity Council of India, Chennai (Course Material- National Certification Examination for Energy Management)

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- Energy Management Handbook, W.C. Turner, 5th Edition, Marcel Dekker, Inc, New York, 2005.
- Guide to Energy Management, B. L. Capehart, W. C. Turner, W. J. Kennedy, CRC Press, New York, 2005.
- Energy Management by O.P. Collagan

Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

- 1. Explain the fundamentals of energy management and its influence on environment
- 2. Describe methods of energy production for improved utilization.
- 3. Apply the principles of thermal engineering and energy management to improve the performance of thermal systems. Analyze the methods of energy conservation and energy efficiency for buildings, airconditioning, heat recovery and thermal energy storage systems.
- 4. Assess energy projects on the basis of economic and financial criteria.



DEPARTMENT OF MECHANICAL ENGINEERING

IV Year - II Semester		L	T	P	C
TV Tear - II Semester		3	0	0	3
	3D PRINTING TECHNOLOGIES				

Course Objectives:

- To understand the fundamental concepts of Rapid Prototyping and 3-D printing, its advantages and limitations.
- To classify various types of Additive Manufacturing Processes and know their working principle, advantages, limitations etc.
- To have a holistic view of various applications of these technologies in relevant fields such as mechanical, Bio-medical, Aerospace, electronics etc.

UNIT - I

Introduction: Prototyping fundamentals, Historical development, Fundamentals of Rapid Prototyping, Advantages, and Limitations of Rapid Prototyping, Commonly used Terms, Classification of RP process, Rapid Prototyping Process Chain: Fundamental Automated Processes, Process Chain.

UNIT - II

Liquid-based Rapid Prototyping Systems: Stereo lithography Apparatus (SLA): Models and specifications, Process, working principle, photopolymers, photo polymerization, Layering technology, laser and laser scanning, Applications, Advantages and Disadvantages, Case studies. Solid ground curing (SGC): Models and specifications, Process, working principle, Applications, Advantages and Disadvantages, Case studies Solid-based Rapid

Prototyping Systems: Laminated Object Manufacturing (LOM): Models and specifications, Process, working principle, Applications, Advantages and Disadvantages, Case studies. Fused Deposition Modeling (FDM): Models and specifications, Process, working principle, Applications, Advantages and Disadvantages, Case studies.

UNIT - III

Powder Based Rapid Prototyping Systems: Selective laser sintering (SLS): Models and specifications, Process, working principle, Applications, Advantages and Disadvantages, Case studies. Three dimensional Printing (3DP): Models and specifications, Process, working principle, Applications, Advantages and Disadvantages, Case studies. Rapid Tooling: Introduction to Rapid Tooling (RT), Conventional Tooling Vs RT, Need for RT. Rapid Tooling Classification; Indirect Rapid Tooling Methods: Spray Metal Deposition, RTV Epoxy Tools, Ceramic tools, Investment Casting, Spin Casting, Die casting, Sand Casting, 3D Keltool process. Direct Rapid Tooling: Direct AIM, LOM Tools, DTM Rapid Tool Process, EOS Direct Tool Process and Direct Metal Tooling using 3DP

UNIT - IV

Rapid Prototyping Data Formats: STL Format, STL File Problems, Consequence of Building Valid and Invalid Tessellated Models, STL file Repairs: Generic Solution, Other Translators, Newly Proposed Formats. Rapid Prototyping Software's: Features of various RP software's like Magics, Mimics, Solid View, View Expert, 3 D View, Velocity 2, Rhino, STL View 3 Data Expert and 3 D doctor.



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UNIT - V

RP Applications: Application - Material Relationship, Application in Design, Application in Engineering, Analysis and Planning, Aerospace Industry, Automotive Industry, Jewelry Industry, Coin Industry, GIS application, Arts and Architecture. RP Medical and Bioengineering Applications: Planning and simulation of complex surgery, Customized Implants & Prosthesis, Design and Production of Medical Devices, Forensic Science and Anthropology, Visualization of Biomolecules.

Course Outcomes:

- Describe various CAD issues for 3D printing and rapid prototyping and related operations for STL model manipulation.
- Formulate and solve typical problems on reverse engineering for surface reconstruction from physical prototype models through digitizing and spline-based surface fitting.
- Formulate and solve typical problems on reverse engineering for surface reconstruction from digitized mesh models through topological modelling and subdivision surface fitting.
- Explain and summarize the principles and key characteristics of additive manufacturing technologies and commonly used 3D printing and additive manufacturing systems.
- Explain and summarize typical rapid tooling processes for quick batch production of plastic and metal parts

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Rapid prototyping; Principles and Applications /Chua C.K., Leong K.F. and LIM C.S/World Scientific Publications
- 2. Rapid Manufacturing /D.T. Pham and S.S. Dimov/Springer

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. Terry Wohlers, Wholers Report 2000, Wohlers Associates
- 2. Rapid Prototyping and Manufacturing /PaulF.Jacobs/ASME



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DEPARTMENT OF MECHANICAL ENGINEERING

IV Year - II Semester	Year - II Semester	L	T	P	C
TV Teur II Semester		3 0	0	0	3
	MECHATRONICS				

Course Objective

The main objective of this course is to introduce the integrative nature of Mechatronics.

To describe the different components and devices of mechatronics systems.

UNIT-I

Mechatronics systems – elements & levels of mechatronics system, Mechatronics design process, system, measurement systems, control systems, microprocessor-based controllers, advantages and disadvantages of mechatronics systems. Sensors and transducers, types, displacement, position, proximity, velocity, motion, force, acceleration, torque, fluid pressure, liquid flow, liquid level, temperature and light sensors.

UNIT-II

Hydraulic and pneumatic actuating systems - Fluid systems, Hydraulic systems, and pneumatic systems, components, control valves, electro-pneumatic, hydro-pneumatic, electro-hydraulic servo systems. Mechanical actuating systems and electrical actuating systems - basic principles and elements.

UNIT-III

Digital electronics and systems, digital logic control, micro processors and micro controllers, programming, process controllers, programmable logic controllers, PLCs versus computers, application of PLCs for control.

UNIT-IV

System and interfacing and data acquisition – Data Acquisition Systems, Analog to Digital and Digital to Analog conversions; Digital Signal Processing – data flow in DSPs, block diagrams, typical layouts, Interfacing motor drives.

UNIT-V

Dynamic models and analogies, System response. Process Controllers – Digital Controllers, Programmable Logic Controllers, Design of mechatronics systems & future trends.

Text Books:

1.MECHATRONICS Integrated Mechanical Electronics Systems/KP Ramachandran, GK Vijaya Raghavan & MS Balasundaram/WILEY India Edition

References:

- 1. Mechatronics /Smaili A, Mrad F/ Oxford Higher Education, Oxford University Press
- 2. Mechatronics Source Book / Newton C Braga/Thomson Publications, Chennai.
- 3.Mechatronics N. Shanmugam / Anuradha Agencies Publishers.
- 4. Mechatronics System Design / Devdas shetty/Richard/Thomson.
- 5.Mechatronics/M.D.Singh/J.G.Joshi/PHI.

Course outcomes: After completion of this course, the student shall be able to use the various mechatronics systems devices and components in the design of electro mechanical systems.



DEPARTMENT OF MECHANICAL ENGINEERING

IV Year - II Semester		L	T	P	C
TV Teur II Semester		3	0	0	3
	TOTAL QUALITY MANAGEMENT				

Course Objectives

- 1. To understand the concept of Quality
- 2. To understand the Implication of Quality on Business
- 3. To Implement Quality Implementation Programs
- 4. To have exposure to challenges in Quality Improvement Programs

UNIT - I:

INTRODUCTION: The concept of TQM, Quality and Business performance, attitude and involvement of top management, communication, culture and management systems. Management of Process Quality: Definition of quality, Quality Control, a brief history, Product Inspection vs, Process Control, Statistical Quality Control, Control Charts and Acceptance Sampling.

UNIT - II:

CUSTOMER FOCUS AND SATISFACTION: The importance of customer satisfaction and loyalty- Crating satisfied customers, Understanding the customer needs, Process Vs. Customer, internal customer conflict, quality focus, Customer Satisfaction, role of Marketing and Sales, Buyer – Supplier relationships. Bench Marketing: Evolution of Bench Marketing, meaning of Bench marketing, benefits of bench marketing, the bench marketing process, pitfalls of bench marketing.

UNIT - III:

ORGANIZING FOR TQM: The systems approach, Organizing for quality implementation, making the transition from a traditional to a TQM organizing, Quality Circles. Productivity, Quality and Reengineering: The leverage of Productivity and Quality, Management systems Vs. Technology, Measuring Productivity, Improving Productivity Re-engineering.

UNIT - IV:

THE COST OF QUALITY: Definition of the Cost of Quality, Quality Costs, Measuring Quality Costs, use of Quality Cost Information, Accounting Systems and Quality Management.

UNIT - V:

ISO9000: Universal Standards of Quality: ISO around the world, The ISO9000 ANSI/ASQCQ-Series Standards, benefits of ISO9000 certification, the third party audit, Documentation ISO9000 and services, the cost of certification implementing the system.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Total Quality Management / Joel E.Ross/Taylor and Franscis Limited
- 2. Total Quality Management/P.N.Mukherjee/PHI



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REFERENCES:

- 1 Beyond TQM / Robert L.Flood
- 2 Statistical Quality Control / E.L. Grant / McGraw Hill.
- 3 Total Quality Management- A Practical Approach/H. Lal
- 4 Quality Management/Kanishka Bedi/Oxford University Press/2011
- 5 Total Engineering Quality Management/Sunil Sharma/Macmillan

Course Outcomes: On completion of this course, the students will be able to:

- CO1. To realize the importance of significance of quality
- CO2. Manage quality improvement teams
- CO3. Identify requirements of quality improvement programs



DEPARTMENT OF MECHANICAL ENGINEERING

IV Year - II Semester		L	L T	P	C
		3	0	0	3
	SUPPLY CHAIN MANAGEMENT				

Course Objectives: To understanding of the processes of supply chain management and their interrelationships within individual companies and across the supply chain

Unit-I

Strategic Framework: Introduction to Supply Chain Management, Decision phases in a supply chain, Process views of a supply chain: push/pull and cycle views, Achieving Strategic fit, Expanding strategic scope.

Unit-II

Supply Chain Drivers and Metrics: Drivers of supply chain performance, Framework for structuring Drivers, Obstacles to achieving strategic fit.

Unit-III

Designing Supply Chain Network: Factors influencing Distribution Network Design, Design options for a Distribution network, E-Business and Distribution network, Framework for Network Design Decisions, Models for Facility Location and Capacity Allocation.

Unit-IV

Forecasting in SC: Role of forecasting in a supply chain, Components of a forecast and forecasting methods, Risk management in forecasting.

Unit-V

Aggregate Planning and Inventories in SC: Aggregate planning problem in SC, Aggregate Planning Strategies, Planning Supply and Demand in a SC, Managing uncertainty in a SC: Safety Inventory. Coordination in SC: Modes of Transportation and their performance characteristics, Supply Chain IT framework, Coordination in a SC and Bullwhip Effect.

Text Books:

- 2. Sunil Chopra and Peter Meindl, Supply Chain Management Strategy, Planning and Operation, 4th Edition, Pearson Education Asia, 2010.
- 3. David Simchi-Levi, PhilpKamintry and Edith Simchy Levy, Designing and Managing the Supply Chain Concepts Strategies and Case Studies, 2nd Edition, Tata-McGraw Hill, 2000.

Course Outcomes: Up on completion of course students will be able to

- CO1. To realize the importance of Supply chain management frame work in business management
- CO2. Understand basic concepts of forecasting and risk management
- CO3. Explain and implement the concept of aggregate planning and inventory.



DEPARTMENT OF MECHANICAL ENGINEERING

IV Year - II Semester		L	T	P	C
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	PRODUCT DESIGN AND DEVELOPMENT				

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

The main learning objective of this course is to prepare the students for the understanding the principles of product development process, customer needs, setting product specification, testing and prototyping for new product design and development.

UNIT I

INTRODUCTION

Introduction – A Generic Development Process – Adapting the Generic Product Development Process - Product Development Process Flows- Digital tools for product design– Identifying Customer Needs - Product Specifications: Establishing Target Specifications; Setting the Final Specifications.

UNIT II

CONCEPT GENERATION

Concept Generation: The Activity of Concept Generation - Concept Selection: Concept Screening; Concept Scoring - Concept Testing - Concept innovation using TRIZ

UNIT III

PRODUCT ARCHITECTURE

Implications of the Architecture; Establishing the Architecture; Delayed Differentiation; Platform Planning; Related System-Level Design Issues – Industrial Design: Assessing the Need for Industrial Design; Impact of Industrial Design; The Industrial Design Process; Management of the Industrial Design Process; Assessing the Quality of Industrial Design.

UNIT IV

DFM AND PROTOTYPING

Design for Manufacturing: Estimate the Manufacturing Costs; Reduce the Costs of Components; Reduce the Costs of Assembly; Reduce the Costs of Supporting Production; Consider the Impact of DFMA– Prototyping: Type; Uses; Principles; Technologies; Planning for Prototypes.

UNIT V

PRODUCT DEVELOPMENT ECONOMICS

Elements of Economic Analysis; Economic Analysis Process – sustainable product development: framework and metrics – life cycle assessment of a product: stages and impact



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TEXT BOOK:

- 1. Jamnia, A., Introduction to Product Design and Development for Engineers, CRC Press, 2018.
- 2. Karl, T. Ulrich and Steven, D. Eppinger, "Product Design and Development", McGraw Hill, 2003.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Belz A., 36-Hour Course: "Product Development" McGraw-Hill, 2010.
- 2. Chitale, A. K. and Gupta, R. C., Product Design and Manufacturing, PHI Learning, 2013.
- 3. Pugh S., "Total Design Integrated Methods for successful Product Engineering", Addison Wesley Publishing, 1991.
- 4. Rosenthal S., "Effective Product Design and Development", Business One, 1992.
- 5. Silva, A., Handbook of Research on Trends in Product Design and Development: Technological and Organizational Perspectives: Technological and Organizational Perspectives, IGI Global, 2010.
- 6. Devdas Shetty, "Product design for Engineers", Cengage Learning

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of this course, the students will be able to:

- 1. Apply the principles of generic development process; conduct customer need analysis; and set product specification for new product design and development.
- 2. Generate, select, screen, and test concepts for new product design and development.
- 3. Apply the principles of product architecture and industrial design to design and develop new products.
- 4. Apply the principles of DFMA and Prototyping to design and develop new product.
- 5. Apply the concepts of economics principles sustainable product development and life cycle assessment.



DEPARTMENT OF MECHANICAL ENGINEERING

IV Year - II Semester	L	T	P	C	
		3	0	0	3
	ENTREPRENEURSHIP				

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

The aim of this course is to develop and strengthen entrepreneurial quality and motivation among students. This course will impart the basic entrepreneurial skills and understandings to run a business efficiently and effectively.

UNIT I ENTREPRENEURAL COMPETENCE

Entrepreneurship concept – Entrepreneurship as a Career – Entrepreneurial Personality - Characteristics of Successful, Entrepreneur – Knowledge and Skills of Entrepreneur.

UNIT II ENTREPRENEURAL ENVIRONMENT AND POLICIES

Business Environment - Role of Family and Society - Entrepreneurship Development Training and Other Support Organisational Services –

Central and State Government Industrial Policies and Regulations - International Business.

UNIT III BUSINESS PLAN PREPARATION

Sources of Product for Business - Prefeasibility Study - Criteria for Selection of Product -

Ownership - Capital - Budgeting Project Profile Preparation - Matching Entrepreneur with the Project - Feasibility Report Preparation and Evaluation Criteria.

UNIT IV LAUNCHING OF SMALL BUSINESS

Finance and Human Resource Mobilization Operations Planning - Market and Channel Selection - Growth Strategies - Product Launching - Incubation, Venture capital, IT startups.

UNIT V MANAGEMENT OF SMALL BUSINESS

Monitoring and Evaluation of Business - Preventing Sickness and Rehabilitation of Business Units- Effective Management of small Business.

Text Books:

- 1. Hisrich, Entrepreneurship, Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 2001.
- 2. S.S.Khanka, Entrepreneurial Development, S.Chand and Company Limited, New Delhi, 2001.

References

- 1. Mathew Manimala, Entrepreneurship Theory at the Crossroads, Paradigms & Praxis, Biztrantra ,2nd Edition 2005
- 2. Prasanna Chandra, Projects Planning, Analysis, Selection, Implementation and Reviews, Tata McGraw-Hill, 1996.
- 3. P.Saravanavel, Entrepreneurial Development, Ess Pee kay Publishing House, Chennai -1997.



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COURSE OUTCOME:

- Up on completing this course, students are able to
- Gain the competency of preparing business plans
- Get the awareness on industrial policies
- Study the impact of launching small business
- Understand the recourse planning and market selection for start ups.



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IV Year - II Semester		L	T	P	C
TV Teal II Semester		3	0	0	3
	ADVANCED MATERIALS				

Course Objectives

The objective for this course is to understand the mechanics of different materials. This understanding will include concepts such as anisotropic material behaviour, constituent properties and manufacturing processes of different composites. Suitability of smart and nano materials for engineering applications.

UNIT-I

INTRODUCTION TO COMPOSITE MATERIALS: Introduction, classification: polymer matrix composites, metal matrix composites, ceramic matrix composites, carbon—carbon composites, fiber- reinforced composites and nature-made composites, and applications

REINFORCEMENTS: Fibres- glass, silica, kevlar, carbon, boron, silicon carbide, and born carbide fibres.

UNIT-II

Polymer composites, thermoplastics, thermosetting plastics, manufacturing of PMC, MMC & CCC and their applications.

MANUFACTURING METHODS: Autoclave, tape production, moulding methods, filament winding, hand layup, pultrusion, RTM.

UNIT-III

MACROMECHANICAL ANALYSIS OF A LAMINA: Introduction, generalized Hooke's law, reduction of Hooke's law in three dimensions to two dimensions, relationship of compliance and stiffness matrix to engineering elastic constants of an orthotropic lamina, laminate-laminate code.

UNIT-IV

FUNCTIONALLY GRADED MATERIALS: Types of functionally graded materials-classification-different systems-preparation-properties and applications of functionally graded materials.

SHAPE MEMORY ALLOYS: Introduction-shape memory effect-classification of shape memory alloys-composition-properties and applications of shape memory alloys.

UNIT-V

NANO MATERIALS: Introduction-properties at nano scales-advantages & disadvantages-applications in comparison with bulk materials (nano – structure, wires, tubes, composites). state of art nano advanced- topic delivered by student.

Text Books:

- 1. Nano material /A.K. Bandyopadyay/New age Publishers
- 2. Material science and Technology: A comprehensive treatment/Robert W.Cahn,/VCH
- 3. Engineering Mechanics of Composite Materials / Isaac and M Daniel/Oxford University Press

References:

- 1. Mechanics of Composite Materials / R. M. Jones/ Mc Graw Hill Company, New York, 1975.
- 2. Analysis of Laminated Composite Structures / L. R. Calcote/Van Nostrand Rainfold, NY 1969
- 3. Analysis and performance of fibre Composites /B. D. Agarwal and L. J. Broutman /Wiley-Interscience, New York, 1980



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4. Mechanics of Composite Materials - Second Edition (Mechanical Engineering) /Autar K.Kaw / CRC Press

Course Outcomes

After learning the course the students should be able to

- 1. Explain various composite materials with their constituents, advantages, limitations and applications
- 2. Describe various manufacturing methods of polymer matrix composites materials.
- 3. Derive stress strain relationships for orthotropic materials and analyze orthotropic lamina.
- 4. Explain various functionally graded materials with their properties, preparation and applications
- 5. Explain different smart materials with their application.